Module/ course code SBI 61044		Student workload 8.5 hours per week	Credits	Seme	7 th 3 CU x16 =		40 +:	
			(ECTS) 3 CU x 1.5 = 4.5 ECTS	7 th				
1	Types of courses Elective coursework			Contact hours		dependent		Class size
			hours			study		30 students
			3 CU x 50		3 (CU x 120		
			mins = 1	= 2.5 hours =		minutes		
			= 2.5 ho			360 mins		
			per wee			= 6 hours		
2	Prerequisites for participation (if applicable)							

3 Learning Outcomes (PLO + CLO

Course Description:

Translation and Interpreting is an elective course for both the students concentrating on Linguistics and Literature. This course encourages an intensive and actual practice of translating from English to Indonesian and vice versa. To enable the students to translate various discourses, the texts used in classroom activities comprise authentic discourses including journal articles and literary work. In addition, this course also aims at providing the students skills of basic interpreting. The students will be introduced to different types of interpreting and they will do some practices of interpreting.

Programme Learning Outcomes:

- **PLO 1** Graduates are expected to be able to play a role as creative industry players by using competence in the fields of language, literature and culture to produce innovative and competitive works.
- PLO 2 Graduates are expected to be able to act as research assistants, namely young scholars who have critical thinking to solve problems faced in society.
- **PLO 3** Graduates are expected to be able to play a role as academicians, namely activists in the world of education who have intellectuality and professionalism.

Intended Learning Outcomes:

- **ILO 1** Students are able to show responsibilities in performing academic activities based on religious values, morals, and ethics.
- **ILO 2** Students are able to uphold entrepreneurship values in cooperating with the society and environment.
- **ILO 3** Students are able to demonstrate language skills by using proper English.
- **ILO 4** Students are able to analyse the development of linguistic, literary and cultural phenomena in the global and digital era.
- **ILO 5** Students are able to elaborate their ideas in both spoken and written forms in English within academic and non-academic contexts.
- **ILO 6** Students are able to use media and technology into their learning and research activities
- **ILO 7** Students are able to analyse various scientific texts in the fields of language, literature and culture in English.
- **ILO 8** Students are able to produce scientific articles or creative writings on language, literature, and culture independently or collaboratively.

Course Learning Outcomes

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

1. translate various texts from English into Indonesian and vice versa

2. perform basic interpreting practices

4 Subject aims/Content

Meeting 1: Overview of Translation

Students are able to have a general overview and understand the basic concepts of translation from their introductory course

Meeting 2 – 3: Translating short story

Students are able to translate short story from English to Indonesian

Meeting 4 – 5: Translating journal article

- a. Students are able to understand the parts of journal articles
- b. Students are able to translate a journal article from English to Indonesian
- c. Students are able to translate a journal article from Indonesian to English

Meeting 6 – 7: Overview of Interpreting

- a. Students are able to identify the difference between translation and interpreting
- b. Students are able to identify the modes of interpreting
- c. Students are able to understand the types of interpreting

Meeting 8: Mid-term Project: Translation

Meeting 9 – 10: Note-taking

a. Students are able to perform note-taking as a part of skills required for consecutive interpreting

Meeting 11 – 13: Consecutive Interpreting

- a. Students are able to perform consecutive interpreting by doing three steps: understanding, analysis, and re-expression
- b. Students are able to perform consecutive interpreting in a setting-based environment

Meeting 14 – 15: Simultaneous Interpreting

a. Students are able to practice shadowing as a preliminary step in simultaneous interpreting

Meeting 16: Final Project: Interpreting

5 Teaching methods

Lectures, discussions, practice, team-based learning

6 Assessment methods

1. Class Participation

To maximize the learning opportunities in this course, students are not only required to be present for all class sessions, having completed all necessary tasks but they are also expected to interact with peers and the topics as directed in class discussions and activities.

2. Translation Practice

Through co-authorship in group translation, the students will be able to improve their teamwork abilities and collaborative thinking. They can also do peer-checking on each other's translation results.

3. Mid-term Project

It is counted as a mid-term test in which students will do translation on selected materials, and it will be compiled as a portfolio.

- Interpreting Practice
 Students will perform consecutive interpreting in a setting-based environment, and they will also practice simultaneous interpreting.
- Interpreting Project
 Students will be involved in interpreting projects by performing consecutive interpreting and submitting the project in a recorded format.

What follows is summary of the Assessment:

Assessment Task	Task Type	Due	Percentage
Class participation	Individual	Throughout the	5%
		semester	(0.35% for each
			meeting
Translation practice	Group	Meeting 3	30%
		Meeting 6	(15% for each task)
Mid-term Project	Individual	Meeting 8	20%
Interpreting practice	Individual	Meeting 12	20%
		Meeting 15	(10% for each task)
Final Project	Individual	Meeting 16	25%
		TOTAL	100%

- 7 This module/course is used in the following study programme/s as well
 - NA
- 8 Teacher

Yana Shanti Manipuspika

9 Resources

Main:

Nolan, J. (2005). Interpretation: Techniques and Exercises. Toronto: Multilingual Matters Ltd.



UNIVERSITAS BRAWIJAYA
FACULTY OF CULTURAL STUDIES
DEPARTMENT OF LANGUAGES AND LITERATURE
STUDY PROGRAMME OF ENGLISH LITERATURE

	STUDENT TASK GUIDELINE
COURSE:	Translation and Interpreting

CODE:	SBI 61044	CU 3/Semester 7
TEACHER	Team	
TASK FORM:		
Translation Practice		

NAME OF TASK:

Translating journal article

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME:

1. Translate from English to Indonesian

DESCRIPTION

This task is about translating a journal article that students collect themselves. The source text is English, the target text is Indonesian.

METHOD OF COMPLETION

The students are asked to translate a text from English to Indonesian.

OUTCOMES

Object: journal article

Outcome: the translation result

INDICATORS, CRITERIA, AND PERCENTAGE OF GRADING

The translation assessment rubric

Score	Description			
range	(000/)			
Accuracy (30%)				
25-30	No identifiable problems of comprehension; original message has been			
	conveyed completely to TL readers; no omissions or additions to information			
21-24	Virtually no problems of comprehension except with the most highly specialized			
	vocabulary with no influence on TL readers' understanding; some partial			
40.00	omissions and additions			
16-20	Information is conveyed to TL readers with some difficulty due to translator			
	misunderstanding of some parts of original message; apparent omissions and			
44.45	additions			
11-15	Poor expression of ideas; numerous serious problems in understanding ST			
4.40	interfere with communication of original message; difficult to understand TT			
1-10	Severe problems interfere greatly with communication of original message; TL			
	reader can't understand what original writer was trying to say			
00.05	Finding equivalent (25%)			
20-25	All lexical and syntactic elements have been understood; precise vocabulary			
	usage; words have been chosen so skilfully that the work reads like a good			
15-19	publishable version			
15-19	Full comprehension and good usage of a wide range of vocabulary and			
	structures; specialized vocabulary presents some problems with unsuitable equivalents			
10-14	General comprehension of a fair range of vocabulary although some gaps			
10-14	observed; some vocabulary misused; some evidence of plausible attempts to			
	work around difficulties of finding equivalents, perception, wordplay and other			
	linguistic features			
5-9	Comprehension of vocabulary and structures show quite noticeable gaps which			
	obscure sense; problems in finding correct vocabularies; unable to cope with			
	specialized vocabulary			
1-4	Inappropriate use of vocabularies; comprehension of original seriously impeded			
	even with fairly everyday vocabulary and structures; translation as a whole			
	makes little sense			
	Register, TL culture (20%)			
17-20	Good sensitivity to nuances of meaning, register is precisely and sensitively			
	captured; there is a sophisticated awareness of the cultural context; translation			
	shows a sophisticated command of TL lexis, syntax, and register			
13-16	There is a fair degree of sensitivity to nuances of meaning, register, and cultural			

	context
9-12	There is a lack of sustained attention to nuances of meaning, register, and
	cultural context; no awareness of register; TL lexis, syntax, and register are not
	always appropriate
4-8	There is scant attention to nuances of meaning, register, and cultural context;
	there are serious to severe shortcomings in the use of appropriate lexis, syntax,
	and register
1-3	There is no appreciable understanding of nuances of meaning, register, and
	cultural context; no concept of register or sentence variety
	Grammar and ST style (15%)
13-15	Gives the feeling that the translation needs no improvement from grammatical
	and stylistic points though one or two natural failings might be observed; native-
	like fluency in grammar
10-12	Shows flair for stylistic manipulation of TL items as if text were written in TL
	originally except where the language is placed under severe pressure of
	comprehension; maintains advanced proficiency in grammar; some grammatical
	problems but with no influence on message
7-9	Tends to have awkward grammatical usage in TL and literality of rendering
	though but not impeding sense in a significant manner; some attempts to reflect
	stylistic features of the original; some grammatical problems are apparent and
	have negative effects on communication
4-6	Clumsy TL; often nonsensical grammatical usages in TL; unnatural sounding;
	little attempt to reflect stylistic features of the original; there is evidence of clear
	difficulties in following style; grammatical review of some areas is clearly needed
1-3	Little sense of style which often makes poor sense in TL; knowledge of grammar
	is inadequate; use of TL grammar is inadequate; severe grammatical problems
	interfere greatly with message
	Shifts, omissions, additions and inventing equivalents (10%)
9-10	Correct use of relative clauses, verb forms; use of parallel structure; creative
	inventions and skilful solutions to equivalents; no fragment or run-on sentence
7-8	Almost all shifts appear with partial trespass, attempts variety; some inventions
	for not available equivalents in TL; no fragment or run-on sentence
5-6	Some shifts but not consistency; awkward and odd structure; only few run-on
	sentences or fragments present
3-4	Lacks variety of structure due to not preserving necessary shifts except for few
	cases; little or no evidence of invention in equivalents
1-2	Unintelligible sentence structure due to completely ignoring necessary shifts; no
	skilful handling of equivalents; no trace of invention
1	(Source: Takian at al. 201

(Source: Zakian et.al, 2012)

TIME

Meeting 6

OTHERS

REFERENCES

- 1. Tabiati, S.E., Manipuspika, Y.S., & Rozin, M. (2017). Translation Theory and Practice. Malang: UMM Press.
- 2. Nolan, J. (2005). Interpretation: Techniques and Exercises. Toronto: Multilingual Matters Ltd.



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STUDY PROGRAMME OF ENGLISH LITERATURE

		STUDENT TASK GUIDELINE	
COURSE:	Translation and	Translation and Interpreting	
CODE:	SBI 61044	CU 3/Semester 7	
TEACHER	Team		
TASK FORM:			
Interpreting Practice			

Interpreting Practice

NAME OF TASK:

Consecutive Interpreting

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOME:

1. Perform interpreting from English to Indonesian

DESCRIPTION

This task is about practicing interpreting after doing note-taking exercises in the previous weeks. The SL is English, the TL is Indonesian.

METHOD OF COMPLETION

The students are asked to interpret a speech

OUTCOMES

Object: speech

Outcome: the interpreting result

INDICATORS, CRITERIA, AND PERCENTAGE OF GRADING

Marking criteria for CONSECUTIVE

Content Coherence/plausibility Completeness/ Accuracy Knowledge of passive language?	 Was the logic of the original speech clearly recognizable? Was the message coherent? Were the main ideas and the structure rendered? Were there any significant omissions with an impact on the coherence of the speech? Were there any important mistakes ("contresens")? Did the interpretation render the original ideas/information of the speech accurately? Was the content conveyed in full? Were there too many details missing? Were there any misleading or redundant additions ("embroidery")?
DELIVERY/FORM Quality of active language Communication skills	 Overuse of redundant filler phrases? Knowledge of target language (correct grammar, appropriate register, idiomatic expressions, vocabulary, interferences from the source language)? Appropriate choice of register? Terminology? Diction (mumbling or clear enunciation)? Accent (if applicable)? Pace of delivery (fluent or staccato)? Use of the voice (prosody)? Intonation? Was the delivery professional? Was it agreeable to listen to and confident? Eye contact? Appropriate body language?
TECHNIQUE • Interpretation strategies	 Literal rendition of speech or intelligent processing of content? Use of interpretation strategies (paraphrasing, output monitoring, ability to condense information, "telescoping")? Ability to monitor output? Note-taking technique?

 Time of delivery (shorter/longer than original speech)? Was the overrun excessive? Finishing sentences?
(Source: https://europa.eu/interpretation/doc/marking_criteria_en.pdf)
TIME
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REFERENCES
1 Nolan J (2005) Interpretation: Techniques and Exercises, Toronto: Multilingual Matters

1. Nolan, J. (2005). Interpretation: Techniques and Exercises. Toronto: Multilingual Matters Ltd.